

The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal—Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art, Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At \$2.00 per annum, in advance—
Or \$2.50, if not paid within the year.

ROBERT C. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements \$1 per square for 3 weeks;
25 cents per square for each continuance.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXT."—Washington.

VOL. L.

GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, AUGUST 19, 1850.

NO. 40.

WANTED.
2,000 BUSHELS OATS, 1,000 BUSHELS CORN, and 500 BUSHELS RYE, delivered at my Mill in Germany township. For wheat a fair price will be given.
GEORGE ARNOLD.
July 29.

TABLE CUTLERY.
A FULL and excellent assortment of Spoon and superior TABLE CUTLERY, SPOONS, &c. for sale at
HAMERSLY.
CRACKERS. of various kinds, such as Boston Navy, Water, Butter, Sugar, Soda and Dyspepsia Crackers, for sale at HAMERSLY'S Variety Store.

WHITE WHEAT FLOUR—also a good article of Family Flour, white and yellow Corn Meal, Buckwheat Meal, Feed, &c.—a full assortment—for sale by W. W. HAMERSLY.

Fans! Fans!
A large variety of FANS just received and offered to the Ladies, at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.
May 20.

STONE and EARTHEN WARE, of all kinds, for sale by
HAMERSLY.

GENTLEMEN who may need a Superior SUNDAY, or even a WEDDING SUIT can be accommodated to their advantage, by calling at
SAMSON'S.

10,000 pounds of NAILS just received and for sale at
JOHN FAHNESTOCK'S.

Clothing Emporium.
A GENERAL assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, for Gentlemen and Boys. A complete suit, Coat, Pants and Vest, from \$1.50 to \$3.00, at the always cheap JEWELRY CORNER.
April 22.

SUMMER CLOTHING.
A N Extraordinary Supply—Persons needing Summer Clothing, can be supplied at unusual low prices at
SAMSON'S.

GENERAL assortment of PLAIN, and PLANE IRONS, can be found at
JOHN FAHNESTOCK'S.

Ham and Bacon.
A PRIME article of BACON, HAMS, SHOULDERS, &c., just received and for sale at
April 8.

GOTHIC CLOCKS, PISTOLS, and a large variety of JEWELRY, on hand and for sale cheap at
SAMSON'S.

HOUSEHOLE, DUDLEY & FOSTER ANVILS, also COLT'S KEY VICES, for sale very cheap.
JOHN FAHNESTOCK.

For the Gentlemen.
LEGHORN and PALM LEAF HATS, new style, the cheapest in town, at
April 22.

WATER COOLERS—an excellent article for cooling water for family use in warm weather, for sale by W. W. HAMERSLY.

ARNOLD'S WRITING FLUID for sale by
KELLER KURTZ.

JUST received and for sale by the subscriber, a large lot of **Carpeting**, very cheap.
April 1.

The Ladies' Attention
I respectfully invited to a large assortment of very superior PLAIN, CHANGEABLE and FIGURED SILKS, &c. FANCY ALPACCAS, &c. &c. very cheap.
April 1.

WATER COOLERS and assortment of NAILS, LOCKS, LATHES, RANGES, GLASS, &c. &c. for sale by
JOHN FAHNESTOCK'S.

Shoes! Shoes! Shoes!
JUST received a large lot of LADIES' MOROCO and KID SHOES, GAITERS, &c. &c. also, Gentlemen's coarse and Fine Boots, Congress Gaiters, Pumps, &c. at
KURTZ'S CHEAP CORNER.

LAWS, a new article, not to be surpassed in pattern, quality, or for cheapness, for sale at the Cheap Store of
AEM ARNOLD.

JUST received, and for sale, a full assortment of GRASS and GRAIN SCYTHES, also SNAATHES, RAKES, FORKS, &c.
June 10.

VEDAR WARE, such as Tubs, Buckets, &c. Also, Baskets, Toys, Rugs, Mats, &c. for sale at
HAMERSLY'S.

JUST received, a new mode of cheap Cloth Sack COATS. Also, some fine Cassimere PANTS, of every variety, at
March 18.

KELLER KURTZ has just received a fresh supply of Woodward & Brother's Nonpareil Honey Dew Caviar and TORACCO, to which he invites the attention of those interested; also, on hand and in store, a large variety of superior SEGARS.

Family Groceries.
A GENERAL assortment always on hand and for sale by
AEM ARNOLD.

CARBONATE OF SODA, (a new article for Baking), can be had at JOHN FAHNESTOCK'S Store.
June 10.

LARD OIL.
A SUPERIOR article, for sale by
April 29.

PORTER MONNIES—new styles for Ladies and Gentlemen. Call and see. For sale by
June 12.

Assortment of OILS, FATS, LARD, &c. and DYE STUFFS, to be found at
June 10.

COD FISH—a prime article—for sale at
HAMERSLY'S. Also, No. 1 Mackerel, Scotch Herrings, Crackers of various kinds, Cheese, &c. &c.
April 8.

CUTLERY—Knives and Forks, Pen Knives, Razors, Scissors, Chisels, Drawing Knives, and Axes of all kinds, for sale at
June 10.

Table Covers.
WOOL and Cotton TABLE COVERS, cheap just arrived and for sale at
May 20.

For the Ladies.
FLORENCE and FANCY BRAID BONNETS, just received, and for sale cheap, at
April 22.

IRON—an excellent article for Fans, and other purposes, just received and for sale by
W. W. HAMERSLY.

GROCERIES.
JUST arrived, a lot of Groceries, first quality. Call and get them at KURTZ'S Cheap Corner.
April 1.

FRESH ORANGES and LEMON—a large supply, and superior quality, just opened at
HAMERSLY'S.

Choice Poetry.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

How many social ties there are neglected,
That should rejoice our days!
How many happy spirits sit dejected
Beside the world's high ways!

A blessing, then, be on those pleasant faces
That genial warmth impart;
Sunbeams, they are, that brighten darksome places
Within the human heart.

Such cheerful faces have I to befriend me
In our retired street;
What pleasant nods and kindly smiles they send me,
When'er our glances meet!

How joyous is our morning salutation!
How hearty our good night!
The thousand visits without preparation,
Well welcomed with delight!

The household news, how earnestly related,
And small domestic cares!
The aches and ailments mutually stated,
And cost of various wares!

Trifling indeed, these themes of conversation,
And yet momentous still;
For the small world of household occupation
These topics almost fill.

And let not those who legislate for nations
Despise these little things;
The heads of family administrations
Bear weightier cares than kings.

Our silent street is like a river flowing
Toward the commercial sea;
But the rude storms there furiously blowing
Do us no injury.

There is no tariff on the freights we charter!
From heart to heart they move;
The noble fortunes that we make by barter,
Are those of growing love.

May peace be with you, then, my pleasant neighbors,
Wherever you abide!
And when we leave this scene of earthly labors,
We'll still keep side by side.

IT SPOILS A MAN TO MARRY HIM.

Believe, dear girls, this maxim true.
In precept and in practice too,
That it spoils a man to marry him;
The creature never ought to go
Beyond a honey-moon or so;
If they survive that, they will show
That it spoils a man to marry him.

When first he kneels before your feet,
How soft his words, his looks how sweet;
But it spoils a man to marry him.
When once a lady consent he'll bring,
And get your finger in a ring,
O! then he's quite another thing—
It spoils a man to marry him.

Have you a fancy?—You must drop it;
A will, it may be—Y—You must let it;
Before you think of marrying;
And even if you venture then,
Select the very worst of men;
If not, nine chances out of ten,
'Twill spoil a man to marry him.

Miscellaneous.

The Good Children.

A mother, who was in the habit of asking her children, before they retired at night, what they had done through the day, to make others happy, found her young twine daughters silent. The elder one spoke modestly of deeds and dispositions, founded on the golden rule. "Do unto others as you would they should do unto you." Still those little bright faces were bowed down in serious silence. The question was repeated. "I can remember nothing good all this day, dear mother—only one of my schoolmates was happy because she had gained the head of her class, and I smiled on her and ran to kiss her, so she said I was good.—This is all, dear mother." The other spoke still more timidly: "A little girl who sat by me on the bench at school, had lost a little brother. I saw that while she studied her lesson, she hid her face in the book and wept. I felt sorry, and laid my face on the same book and wept with her. Then she looked up and was comforted, and put her arms around my neck. But I do not know why she said that I was good." "Come to me, my dear, beloved ones," said the mother: "to rejoice with those who rejoice, and weep with those who weep, is to obey our blessed Redeemer."

The Sunny Side.

How much more pleasant it is to the pure to do good—to kindle the more gentle and noble feelings of our nature, than by misrepresentations, hints, or dark innuendoes, to break in upon long-established friendships, and disturb the good feelings of years of intimacy! In all our associations, commend us to him who always presents the sunny side of life's picture to the gaze; he who has always "a pleasant word to speak," and is ever disposed to fling the mantle of oblivion over the follies of erring men; such a man we could wear in our "heart's core"—aye, in our heart of hearts." But from the mischief-maker, whose bosom is filled with a canker-worm which knows no pleasure except that which torments others, deliver us.

The plea of "temptation" is the poorest of all apologies for sin; virtue is a perfectly neutral quality unless exercised in the face of temptation.

Many people who flatter themselves that they are "well-bred," have not a sufficient sense of common courtesy, to observe the ordinary amenities of civilized life.

Courtesy.—The plain English of the politest address of a gentleman to a lady is—"I am now, dear madam, the humblest of your servants—be so good as to allow me to be your lord and master."

Counsels for the Young.

Never be cast down by trifles. If a spider break his thread twenty times, twenty minds will be mended again. Make up your minds to do a thing, and you will do it. Fear not, if trouble comes upon you; keep up your spirits, though the day be a dark one.

Mind what you run after! Never be content with a bubble that will burst, or firewood that will end in smoke and darkness. Get that which you can keep, and which is worth keeping.

Fight hard against a hasty temper. Anger will come, but resist it strongly. A spark may set a house on fire. A fit of passion may give you cause to mourn all the days of your life. Never revenge an injury.

If you have an enemy, act kindly to him, and make him your friend. You may not win him over at once, but try again. Let one kindness be followed by another, till you have compassed your end. By little and little, great things are completed; and so repeated kindness will soften the heart of stone.

Whatever you do, do it willingly. A boy that is whipped to school never learns his lessons well. A man that is compelled to work, cares not how badly it is performed. He that pulls off his coat cheerfully, strips up his sleeves in earnest, and sings while he works, is the man for us.

Evil thoughts are worse enemies than lions and tigers; for we can keep out of the way of wild beasts, but bad thoughts win their way everywhere. The cup that is full will hold no more; keep your heads and hearts full of good thoughts, that bad thoughts may find no room to enter.

The Use of Reputation.

Accolitus d'Arezzo, a celebrated lawyer in the fifteenth century, with the assistance of his servant, purloined several pieces of meat from a neighboring butcher's shop. Two of his scholars, of doubtful character, were put in prison as authors of this theft. Accolitus in vain accused himself, it was thought he did so to rescue the young men. When the affair was blown over, and the students set at liberty by paying a certain sum, Accolitus brought plain proofs that he had been the thief.—On being asked why he had committed an action so unlike himself, and of which no one would have suspected him, he replied "he did it to set in a strong light the advantages of a well established character."

The King's Advice to the Stable-Boy.

A King, walking out one morning, met a lad at the stable door, and asked him, "Well boy, what do you do?" What do they pay you?" "I help in the stable," replied the lad; but I have nothing except victuals and clothes." "Be content," replied the king. "I have no more." All that the richest possess beyond food, raiment, and habitation, they have but the keeping, or the disposing, not the present enjoyment of. A plough-boy, who thinks and feels correctly, has enough to make him contented; and if a king have a discontented spirit, he will find some plea for indulging it.

I Dispose as well as Propose.

When Bonaparte was about to invade Russia, a person who had endeavored to dissuade him from his purpose, finding he could not prevail, quoted to him the proverb, "Man proposes, but God disposes," to which he indignantly replied, "I dispose as well as propose." A Christian lady, on hearing the impious boast, remarked, "I set that down as the turning point of Bonaparte's fortunes. God will not suffer a creature, with impunity, thus to usurp his prerogative." It happened to Bonaparte just as the lady predicted. His invasion of Russia was the commencement of his fall.

The Best Recommendation.

A youth, seeking employment in New York, on inquiring at a certain store, if they wished a clerk, was told they did not. On mentioning the recommendations he had, the merchant desired to see them. In turning over his carpet bag to find his letters, a book rolled out on the floor. "What is that?" said the merchant. "It is the Bible, sir," was the reply. "And what are you going to do with that book in New York?" said the merchant. The lad looked seriously into the merchant's face, and replied, "I promised my mother I would read it every day, and I shall do it," and burst into tears. The merchant immediately engaged his services, and in due time he became a partner in the firm, one of the most respectable in the city.

Never get Angry.

It does no good. Some sins have a seeming compensation or apology, a present gratification of some sort; but anger has none. A man feels no better for it. It is really a torment; and when the storm of passion has cleared away, it leaves one to see that he has been a fool; and he has made himself a fool in the eyes of others too. An angry man adds nothing to the welfare of society. He may do some good but more hurt. Heated passion makes him a fire-brand, and it is a wonder if he does not kindle flames of discord on every hand. Without much sensibility, and often bereft of reason, he speaketh like the piercing of a sword, and his tongue is an arrow shot out. He is a bad element in any community, and his removal would furnish occasion for a day of thanksgiving. Since, then, anger is useless, needless, disgraceful, without the least apology, and found only "in the bosom of fools," why should it be indulged at all?

Resolve to do a thing, and it is more than half done. Half resolve to do it, and it will remain forever unaccomplished.

Hints to Husbands—By a Woman.

Do not jest with your wife upon a subject in which there is danger of wounding her feelings. Remember that she treasures every word you utter, though you may never think of it again.

Do not speak of some virtue in another man's wife, to remind your own of a fault.

Do not reproach your wife with a personal defect, for if she has sensibility, you inflict a wound difficult to heal.

Do not treat your wife with inattention in company. It touches her pride—and she will not respect you more, or love you better, for it.

Do not upbraid your wife in the presence of a third person. The sense of your disregard for her feelings, will prevent her from acknowledging her fault.

Do not entertain your wife with praising the beauty and accomplishments of other women.

Do not, too often, invite your friends to ride, and leave your wife at home. She might suspect that you esteemed others more companionable than herself.

If you would have a pleasant home and cheerful wife, pass your evenings under your own roof.

Do not be stern and silent in your own house, and remarkable for sociability elsewhere.

Remember that your wife has as much need of recreation as yourself, and devote a portion, at least, of your leisure hours, to such society and amusement as she may join. By so doing, you will secure her smiles, and increase her affection.

Do not, by being too exact in pecuniary matters, make your wife feel her dependence upon your bounty. It tends to lessen her dignity of character, and does not increase her esteem for you. If she is a sensible woman, she should be acquainted with your business, and know your income—that she may regulate her household expenses accordingly. Let it be remembered that pecuniary affairs cause more difficulty in families than any other one cause.

Your wife has an equal right with yourself to all you possess in the world—therefore she should be made acquainted, as nearly as possible, with that which is of so great importance to both. Do not withhold this knowledge in order to cover your own extravagance. Woman has a keen perception—be sure she will discover your selfishness—and though no word is spoken, from that moment her respect is lessened, her confidence diminished, her pride wounded, and a thousand, perhaps unjust, suspicions created.

From that moment is your domestic comfort on the wane.—Boston Times.

Home.

The ordination of Providence, says a distinguished writer, is that home should form our character. The first object of parents should be to make home interesting. It is a bad sign when children have to wander from the parental roof for amusement. A love of home is one of the strongest safeguards against vice—not only to children but to men. Men who delight in their own fire-sides, are never seen lounging about bar-rooms and oyster saloons. Make home attractive to your children—so that they will leave it with regret, and return to it with joy—for this is a mighty preservative from vice.

Think of It.

Little things go a great way to make life what it is. We ought to study them more.—If a kind word, that costs nothing, will give pleasure, especially to those who have but little, why is it not well to have a kind word always ready to be given? It is an act of friendship that makes a sad heart light for an hour, why not be ready, when it is so easy, to scatter pleasure in the path of life? This is called a "scale of tears," and so it is, for sin has blighted flowers and planted thorns; but the vale would be brighter, and there would be fewer tears, if these who have it in their power to make others happy, without depriving themselves of a single joy, would try to shed blessings about them as they journey towards Heaven.

The Parrot.—In a small family in the south part of this city, there was a parrot which had found a home there for years, and had become a pet of the family. A child was taken sick this spring, and was not seen by the parrot for some days. The bird had been used to repeat her name; and in the child's absence kept repeating the name so incessantly as to annoy the family. The child died. The repetition of the name was kept up until one of the family took the parrot to the room where the corpse lay.

The parrot turned first one side of its head and then the other, towards the corpse, apparently eyeing it, and was then taken back. He never repeated the name again—was at once silent, and the next day died.—Pittsburgh (N. H.) Journal.

A Quietist for Cross Baiter.—By this we do not mean knocking their brains out against the hedpost, nor anything of the sort. Nor do we mean giving them Paregoric, Daffy's elixir, Daffy's carminative, black drops, or any other poison. The only requisite to quiet a squalling, squawling little baby is, that it shall possess a nose.

In the midst of its screaming, press your finger gently and repeatedly across the cartilage of that useful organ, and in less than two minutes it will be asleep.—E. Paper.

"You are rather late this morning, William," said good Mr. Riscowithan to a laggard apprentice, who came at a late hour. "Yes, sir, but better late than never," is an old saying," replied William.

"Better never late," said the master, "is an axiom of far more worth, though it may not be so old."

Mysteries of the Telegraph.

The magnetic telegraph will forever remain a mystery to the great mass of the people, and the pardonable ignorance which people often display concerning it, often gives birth to curious remarks. Not long ago, an old lady entered O'Reilly's office, in the city, and said she had a message to send to Wheeling. In a few moments her note was deposited in a dumb waiter, and ascended in a mysterious manner through the ceiling.

"Is it going straight to Wheeling?" inquired the old lady, with her eyes bent upon the ceiling.

"Yes, ma'am," answered the clerk.

"I never was there," continued she, "but it hardly seems possible that that there town lies in that direction. When will I get an answer, Mr. Telegraph?"

"I can scarcely tell, ma'am—it may be two hours."

The old lady went away, and returned in exactly two hours. Just as she entered the door, the dumb waiter came down through the ceiling.

"There is your answer, Madam," said the clerk.

The old lady took the neat yellow envelope in her hand, with a smile of mingled gratification and astonishment; "Now this beats all," exclaimed she. "Bless my heart! All the way from Wheeling, and the wafer still wet! That's an awkward looking box, but it can travel like pizen!"

A man is taller in the morning by half an inch than he is at night.—Lowell Tex. Populi.

Don't believe that, any way. Please explain the reason for the assertion.—Lawrence Courier.

With the greatest pleasure. Sleep allows him to forget his indebtedness to the printer; but he sinks a half inch into his boots at breakfast, when he takes up the newspaper and thinks he hasn't paid for the last six months subscription.—Tex. Populi.

A colored gentleman was seen in such an attitude of attentive listening the other day, near the Harlem Railroad, as to attract attention. He stood bent slightly forward, with his ear cocked, and his lips (and such a pair!) as if "prepared to pucker" at an instant's notice. Presently the whistle of the locomotive was heard, which no sooner caught the ear of the gentleman in black, than he was heard to say, "Ah, it's no use! I gub it up; I can't whistle wid dat child!"

Fair and Safe on Both Sides.—A fire-eating Irishman covered with wounds received in duels, challenged a barrister, who gratified him by acceptance. The duellist, unable to stand without support, requested that he might have a prop.

"Suppose," said he, "I lean against this milestone?"

"With pleasure," replied the lawyer, "on condition that I may lean against the next."

The challenger burst into a loud roar of laughter at the joke, and swore he would not fight so good humored a gentleman.

Shaking Hands.—I love a hearty grasp; it speaks confidence and good will. When a man gives me his hand loosely, and it hangs in mine like a mere rag, I am apt to think he is either unfriendly or incapable of friendship—cold-hearted, calculating and unfeeling.

You scoundrel, I'll make you behave like a gentleman!" The other smarting under the blow as he lay on the ground, energetically replied: "No, never! I defy you."

Raleigh says, if thou marry beauty, thou bindest thyself all thy life for that which perchance will neither last nor please thee one year.

The best board in the world for dyspeptic young ladies is said to be a wash board. It gives them strength of muscle and exuberance of spirits, a good appetite for their meals, and supercedes the necessity of painting their faces.

Marriage.—The frogs in Asop were extremely wise; they had a great mind for some water, but they would not leap into the well because they knew they could not get out again.

The Rev. Gardiner Spring, D. D., pastor of the Brick Presbyterian Church in New York, preached his fortieth annual sermon on Sunday last. Towards the conclusion of his discourse the venerable divine briefly referred to the history of his ministry, and with much feeling said that he was at that moment addressing the children and grand-children of his first parishioners. Advertising to his own personal connection with the Brick Church, over which he has been pastor for 40 years, he stated that in the course of his ministrations he had preached more than 6,000 sermons, and had published eleven octavo volumes; that the number of members connected with the church during that period, was 2,072, the number of baptisms 1,350, and the number of marriages 75.

The ascent of Mount Washington was made by two young ladies from New York city, about ten days since, with perfect success. Patches of snow were passed, and the air was keen and violent on the mountain top. A gentleman, who was their escort, and has travelled much abroad, says that the ascent is much more difficult and fatiguing than on most of the frequented routes in Switzerland.

The first saw-mill was erected near London, in the year 1688; but afterwards demolished that it might not deprive the laboring poor of employment!

TEXAS BOUNDARY QUESTION.

LETTER OF GOVERNOR BELL.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Austin, Texas, June 14, 1850.

President of the United States:

SIR: By authority of the Legislature of Texas, the Executive of the State, in February last, dispatched a special commissioner with full power and instructions to extend the civil jurisdiction of this State over the unorganized counties of El Paso, Worth, Presidio, and Santa Fe, situated upon its northwestern limits.

That commissioner has reported to me, in an official form, that the military officers employed in the service of the United States, stationed at Santa Fe, interposed adversely with the inhabitants of this State over the fulfillment of his object by employing their influence in favor of the establishment of a separate State government, east of the Rio Grande, and within the rightful limits of the State of Texas. I transmit to you, herewith, the proclamation of Col. John Munroe, acting under the orders of the Government of the United States, under the designation of Civil and Military Governor of the Territory of New Mexico.

I have very respectfully to request, that your Excellency will cause me to be informed, at your earliest possible convenience, whether or not this officer has acted in this matter under the orders of his Government, and whether his proclamation meets with the approval of the President of the United States.

With assurances of distinguished consideration, I have the honor to be your Excellency's most obedient servant,
P. H. BELL.

LETTER OF HON. DANIEL WEBSTER.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE,
Washington, August 5, 1850.

To his Excellency P. H. Bell, Governor of Texas:

SIR: A letter addressed by you to the late President of the United States, and dated on the 14th of June last, has, since his lamented decease, been transferred to the hands of his successor, by whom I am directed to address you the following answer:

In that letter you say, that by the authority of the Legislature of Texas, the Executive of that State, in February last, dispatched a special commissioner with full power and instructions to extend the civil jurisdiction of that State over the unorganized counties of El Paso, Worth, Presidio, and Santa Fe, situated upon its northwestern limits; and that the commissioner has reported to you, in an official form, that the military officers employed in the service of the United States, stationed at Santa Fe, interposed adversely with the inhabitants to the fulfillment of his object, by employing their influence in favor of the establishment of a separate State government east of the Rio Grande, and within the rightful limits of the State of Texas.

You also transmit a copy of the proclamation of Col. John Munroe, acting under the orders of the Government of the United States, under the designation of Civil and Military Governor of the Territory of New Mexico, and respectfully request the President to cause you to be informed whether or not this officer has acted in this matter under the orders of his government, and whether his proclamation meets with the approval of the President of the United States.

In the events which have occurred, the President hardly knows whether your Excellency would naturally expect an answer to this letter from him. His predecessor in office, to whom it was addressed, and under whose authority and direction the proclamation of Col. Munroe was issued, is no more, and at this time, that proclamation, whatever may be regarded as its true character, has ceased to have influence or effect. The meeting of the people of New Mexico, by their representatives, which it invited, is understood to have taken place, although this Government has as yet received no official information of it.

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Partaking however, in the fullest degree, in that high respect which the Executive Government of the United States always entertains towards the Governors and governments of the States, the President thinks it his duty, nevertheless, to manifest that feeling of respect by acknowledging and answering your letter. And this duty, let me assure your Excellency, has been so long delayed only by uncontrollable circumstances, and is now performed at the earliest practicable moment, after the appointment of those heads of departments, and

Teachers Wanted.

THE Board of School Directors of Strasburg township, will meet at the house of Jacob L. Gross, Strasburg, on Saturday the 17th of August, next, to receive proposals for taking charge of the Public Schools in said township.

WM. BLACK, Sec'y.

July 29.

8 Teachers Wanted.

THE School Directors of Cumberland township will meet at the house of Conrad Snyder, on Saturday the 17th of August next, at 10 o'clock, a. m., to employ the above number of Teachers to take charge of the Public Schools of said township.

GEO. WAYBRIGHT, Sec'y.

July 29.

REGISTER'S NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given to all Legatees and other persons concerned, that the **ADMINISTRATOR ACCOUNTS** of the deceased persons hereinafter mentioned, will be presented at the Orphans' Court of Adams county, for confirmation and allowance, on **Monday the 19th day of August next, viz.:**

160. The account of George Slagle, Administrator of the estate of Bernard Alto, deceased.
161. The account of Jacob Barr, Guardian of Mary Keagy, daughter of Henry Keagy, deceased.
162. The first and final account of David Gamble, Executor of the last will and testament of Mary D. Edie, deceased.

163. The account of James W. Raugher, Lewis F. Conner and Grayson Eichelberger, Executors of the last will and testament of Isaac Baugher, deceased.

164. The first and final account of Jacob Casati, Executor of the last will and testament of Susan Casati, deceased.

165. The first and final account of Jacob Lower, Administrator of the estate of David Wolf, deceased.

166. The first and final account of John Burkholder, Administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Ehrhart, deceased.

167. The account of Jacob Klunk, Administrator of the estate of Peter Klunk, deceased.

168. The account of Robert Major, Executor of James Major, deceased, who was Guardian of the minor children of Wm. E. Camp, deceased.

169. The final account of Joseph Walker, Administrator of the estate of Elizabeth Walker, deceased.

170. The first account of Moses McLean, Esq., Executor of the last will and testament of Ezekiel Buckingham, deceased.

171. The Guardianship account of Samuel Fabrick, one of the Executors of Joseph Baugher, deceased, who was Guardian of Adeline, Louisa, Mary Jane, and John Henry Beard, minor children of David Beard.

WM. W. HAMERSLEY, Register.

Register's Office Gettysburg, ?
July 22, 1850.

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Hon. DANIEL DORR, President of the General Courts of Common Pleas, in the Counties composing the 19th District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in said district; and GEORGE SMYER and JAMES M'DIVITT, Esqs. Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, and Justices of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the County of Adams—have issued their precept bearing date the 17th day of April, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and fifty, and to me directed, for holding the Court of Common Pleas, and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer, at Gettysburg, on Monday the 19th day of August next—

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

To all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroners and Constables within said County of Adams, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their Rolls, Records, Inquisitions, Examinations and other Remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appointed to be done, and also they will prosecute against the prisoners that are or then shall be in the Jail of the said County of Adams, and to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

WILLIAM FICKES, Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, ?
July 8, 1850.

Marion Rangers!

YOU will meet at Wm. G. Eichel's, at 10 o'clock, on Saturday the 17th of August next, to receive proposals for taking charge of the Public Schools in said township.

AARON WISLER, C. S.

Aug. 5.

GREAT ATTRACTION

And Greater Inducements than ever, at the Dry Goods Emporium of

A. B. KURTZ,

S. K. CONNER CENTRE SQUARE, GETTYSBURG.

THE undersigned has just received, and in store, a very large and superior stock of Dry Goods, both Fancy and Staple, suitable for the coming season. Having purchased our stock on advantageous terms, we are prepared and determined to sell them at VERY GREAT BARGAINS. Our stock, on examination, will be found to contain all that is new and fashionable, comprising a general variety of Ladies' Dress Silks, Cashmeres, Alpaccas, Mous de Laines, plain and figured, Linen Lustre, &c.

Merinoes, Bombazines, Ginghams, Mourning, French & Domestic Calicoes, &c. &c., a full and complete variety of Gentlemen's Cloths, Cassimeres, & Vestings, &c. &c.

In a word, sufficient to show that we have on hand a full and complete stock, which we shall take pleasure in exhibiting to all who may call. At the same time will return sincere thanks for the very liberal patronage bestowed.

A. B. KURTZ.

Country Produce taken in exchange for goods.

NEW GOODS.

AT THE OLD STAND.

GEORGE ARNOLD

AS just received, and is now opening, a LARGE STOCK OF

SPRING GOODS.

as has been offered in the public at any time, comprising every variety of STAPLE and FANCY ARTICLES. He deems it unnecessary to name articles, as the assortment is complete, and will be sold as LOW as any other establishment in the place can sell the same articles.

THE LADIES' attention is invited to a large variety of FANCY DRESS GOODS. Please call, examine, and judge for yourselves.

April 1.

IMPORTANT TO

Painters, Glaziers, Varnishers, Dyers and Color Mixers.

JUST published, the **Painter, Glazier, and Varnisher's Companion**, containing Rules and Regulations in every thing relating to the art of Painting, Varnishing and Glass Staining; numerous useful and valuable receipts, tests for the adulterations in oils, colors, &c., and a statement of the diseases and accidents to which Painters, Glaziers and Varnishers are particularly liable, with the simplest and best methods of prevention and remedy.

The **Dyer and Color Mixer's Companion**, containing upwards of two hundred receipts for making colors on the most approved principles, for all the various uses and fabrics used in the arts. Together with the most approved, and plain directions for preparing, washing off and fastening the goods. For sale at

KURTZ'S BOOK STORE.

July 1.

Law & Penalties against Passing

SMALL NOTES.

ANNEXED will be found the portion of the Act of Assembly of 1850, prohibiting the circulation of notes under the name of Pennsylvania, of a less denomination than five dollars. Every violation of the provisions of this section by any corporation or body corporate, directly or indirectly, to issue, pay out, pass, exchange, put in circulation, transfer, or cause to be issued, paid out, passed, exchanged, circulated or transferred, any bank note, note, bill, certificate, or any acknowledgment of indebtedness whatsoever, purporting to be a bank note, or of the nature, character or appearance of a bank note, or calculated for circulation as a bank note, issued, or purporting to be issued by any bank or incorporated company, or association of persons, located in Pennsylvania, of a less denomination than five dollars. Every violation of the provisions of this section by any corporation or body corporate, shall subject such corporation or body corporate to the payment of five hundred dollars; and any violation of the provisions of this section by any public officer holding any office or appointment of honor or profit under the constitution and laws of this State, shall subject such officer to the payment of one hundred dollars; and any violation of this section by any other person, not being a public officer, shall subject such person to the payment of twenty dollars, or to imprisonment for each of the above mentioned, shall go to the informer, and the other half to the county in which the suit is brought, and may be sued for and recovered as debts of like amount are now by law recoverable in any action of debt, in the name of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, as well for the use of the proper county, as for the person suing.

172. The undersigned, in directing the attention of the reader to the foregoing section of the Act of 1850, would inform him that he will receive the notes thus prohibited, at PAR VALUE, in exchange for goods, at this cheap and one-price

Clothing & Variety Store,

in Gettysburg, nearly opposite the Bank. Persons wishing to get rid of these notes without sacrifice, and who at the same time desire to secure BARGAINS in the way of Ready-made Clothing or any other article in his line, will do well to give him a call. His stock of SUMMER CLOTHING is full and complete, embracing everything to fill all fashions, from fine and superfine goods down to the cheapest and most serviceable wear.

It is useless to enumerate the articles or to say more. My friends and customers know my mode of dealing. I have but the one price and charge one man no more than the other, for the same article. I therefore feel confident that those who are in the habit of making their purchases with me know that they can buy cheaper from me than at any other establishment.

173. The subscriber has on hand a good Rockaway Buggy; also a second-hand Do, without top, which he will dispose of at prices as low as to astonish the purchaser. Also, a lot of GRASS.

MARCUS SAMPSON.

June 10.

THE GREAT CHINA STORE

OF PHILADELPHIA.

THANKFUL to the citizens of Gettysburg & vicinity for their increased custom, we again return to their company to view our large and splendid assortment of

CHINA, GLASS & QUEENWARE.

Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, Toilet Sets, and single pieces, either of Glass, China or Stone Ware, sold in quantities to suit purchasers, for less than they can be had elsewhere.

In fact at less than Wholesale Prices.

AMERICAN & ENGLISH

BRITANNIA METAL GOODS,

in greater variety than ever before offered in the city.

FANCY CHINA in great variety very cheap.

174. We would invite any person visiting the city to call and see us—they will at least be pleased to view our beautiful and new, and view the finest China and the cheapest the world produces.

Very respectfully,

TYNDAL & MITCHELL,

No. 219 Chestnut Street.

Philadelphia, Sept. 17.

Glass Ware, Plain & Fancy.

W. HAMERSLEY invites the attention of the Ladies to his superior assortment of GLASS WARE, warranted to be of genuine Eastern manufacture, and embracing plain and fancy Fruit Disks, Preserve and Butter Disks, Tumblers, of best ground Glass, &c. &c. Call and see the assortment.

April 8.

Hardware! Hardware!

W. HAMERSLEY has just opened a large assortment of HARDWARE, such as Shovels, Spades, Hoes, Forks; Grass, Grain and Bramble Combs; Axes, Hatchets, Chains, Traces, Curry-combs, Cards, &c., to which he invites the attention of Farmers and others.

April 8.

ON hand, constantly, MOROCCO, KID, and LINING SKINS, THREAD, LASTS, PEGS, and WAX, with a full assortment of SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS.

June 10.

JOHN HANNESTOCK.

Wallster's Ointment,

Containing no Mercury, or other Mineral.

FOR TUMORS, ULCERS, and all kind of SORES, it has NO EQUAL.

RHEUMATISM—It removes, almost immediately, the inflammation and swelling, and the pain ceases. Read the directions around the box.

The following testimonial was given by the celebrated Dr. WOOTZEL BEACH, the author of the great Medical work entitled "The American Practice of Medicine and Family Physician;" the distinguishing merits of which have been appreciated and recognized by nine sovereigns of Europe:

"Having been made acquainted with the ingredients of this Ointment, and having prescribed and tested it in several cases in my private practice, I have no hesitation in saying, or certifying that it is a vegetable remedy containing no mineral substance whatever; that its ingredients, combined as they are, and used as directed by the Proprietor, are not only harmless, but of great value, being a truly scientific remedy of great power; and I cheerfully recommend it as a compound which has done much good, and which is adapted to the cure of a great variety of cases. Though I have never either recommended or engaged in the sale of secret medicines, regard for the truly honest, conscientious, and humane character of the Proprietor of this Ointment, and the value of his discovery, obliges me to say thus much regarding it."

W. BEACH, M. D.

New York, April 22, 1850.

PHILES—Tumors are yearly cured by this Ointment. It never fails in giving relief for the Piles.

Around the Box are Directions for using Wallster's Ointment for Scrofula, Ulcer, Ulcer, Erysipelas, Tetter, Chilblain, Scald Head, Nore Eyes, Quinsy, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Nervous Affections, Pains, Disease of the Spine, Head Ache, Asthma, Dropsy, Ear Ache, Burns, Corns, all Diseases of the Skin, Sore Lips, Pimples, &c., Stiffness of the Joints, Swelling of the Limbs, Stomach, Rheumatism, Piles, Cold Feet, Croup, Scalded or Broken Breast, Tooth Ache, Ague in the Face, &c. &c.

175. This Ointment is good in any part of the body or limbs when inflamed. In some cases it should be applied often.

CAUTION—No Ointment will be genuine unless the name of James Wallster is written with a pen upon every label.

For sale at my United States in all the principal cities and towns in the United States.

JAMES WALLSTER.

Sole Proprietor of the above Medicine. PRINCIPAL OFFICE removed to 28 North Third Street, Philadelphia.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

AGENTS—S. S. FOSTER, Gettysburg; Joseph E. Henry, Abington; Motter & Rowe, Harrisburg; J. W. Schmidt, Hanover; C. A. Meyer & Co., York; L. Deng, Chambersburg.

July 13.

FRESH ARRIVAL.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, & JEWELRY.

THE subscriber tenders his acknowledgments to his friends and the public for the liberal patronage hitherto extended to him, and respectfully informs them that he has just received from the city a new assortment of

CLOCKS

OF ALL KINDS—ALSO,

JEWELRY,

such as Rings, Breast-pins, Car Rings, Watch-Chains, Watch Keys, Guards, &c., &c. Also,

SPECTACLES,

and Glasses of all kinds and qualities—all of which will be sold low.

Clocks and Watches REPAIRED, as usual, at short notice. Establishment in Chambersburg street, next door to S. H. Buehler's Book and Drug Store.

ALEXANDER FRAZER.

July 31.

KURTZ

HAS JUST RECEIVED A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF

Florence Ribb BONNETS, do.

Colored Chiff do.

Misses' Mixed Braid do.

China Pearl do.

Fine Lace do.

Alabaster & Jenny Lind do.

Chip and Straw do.

ALSO A VARIETY OF

Palm, Leghorn, & Straw Hats,

which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest.

April 1.

Freights from Philadelphia.

REGULAR LINE OF CARS.

THE subscriber runs a Regular Line of Burthen Cars between PHILADELPHIA & YORK, for the transportation of all kinds of freight to or from York and the adjoining Counties. Prices of Freight on Merchandise generally, 30 cents per hundred.

Groceries or Hardware, when 6000 lbs. or more, 25 cents per hundred.

Coffee, if 6000 lbs. or more, 20 cents per hundred. Salt per sack, 30 cents per hundred.

176. All kinds of Freight to Philadelphia solicited and carried on by the undersigned.

Warehouse in Philadelphia, at No. 365 Market street—A. L. GERHART, Agent.

Warehouse in York at Rail Road Depot, adjoining P. A. & S. Small.

YORK, April 20.

NEW WINE & LIQUOR STORE.

W. & A. HAY

WOULD respectfully make known to the public that they have opened a WINE AND LIQUOR STORE in the house formerly kept as Hay's Tavern, Sign of the Indian King, on the south side of Main street, a few doors west of the Market House, and adjoining the residence of Charles A. Harritz, Esq. in the Borough of York, where they will constantly have on hand for sale a choice and well selected assortment of

Wines, Brandy, Gins, RUMS, WHISKEYS,

CORDIALS AND BITTERS,

of all qualities and prices.

177. W. & A. HAY respectfully invite those who may need articles in their line to give them a call, as they are confident that they can please them both as regards quality and price, great care having been taken in the selection of their stock.

YORK, Feb. 23.

DR. SWAYNE'S

Celebrated Family Medicines!

CURE FOLLOWS CURE!

More Proofs of the Efficacy of DR. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

The Original & Genuine Preparation!

Consumption, Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Liver Complaint, Spitting Blood, Difficulty of Breathing, Pain in the Side and Breast, Inflammation of the Heart, Brain, Lungs, Throat, Nervous Debility, and all diseases of the Throat, Breast & Lungs; the most effectual remedy ever known for any of the above diseases is DR. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry!

CONSUMPTION PERMANENTLY CURED, 6 years standing, after all other remedies failed. The like has never been known. Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

READ THIS EXTRAORDINARY CASE.

Dr. Swayne—Dear Sir—Having contracted a severe cold, which settled on my lungs, attended with a violent cough, pain in my side and breast, difficulty of breathing, and attended by physicians of the first respectability, but my symptoms became very alarming; there was an abscess formed in my lungs, and made its way through my side, and discharged large quantities of pus externally, so that my friends thought I could hardly survive. I was then told that I had better try Dr. Swayne's Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry, and having been cured, I have no hesitation in saying, or certifying that it is a vegetable remedy containing no mineral substance whatever; that its ingredients, combined as they are, and used as directed by the Proprietor, are not only harmless, but of great value, being a truly scientific remedy of great power; and I cheerfully recommend it as a compound which has done much good, and which is adapted to the cure of a great variety of cases. Though I have never either recommended or engaged in the sale of secret medicines, regard for the truly honest, conscientious, and humane character of the Proprietor of this Ointment, and the value of his discovery, obliges me to say thus much regarding it."

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July 13.

RESOLUTION

Relative to an Amendment of the Constitution.

Resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the Constitution of this Commonwealth be amended in the second section of the fifth article, so that it shall read as follows: "The Judges of the Supreme Court, of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, shall be elected by the qualified electors of the Commonwealth, in the manner following, to wit: The Judges of the Supreme Court, by the qualified electors of the several Counties at large; the President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, by the qualified electors of the respective districts over which they are to preside or act as Judges; and the Associate Judges of the Court of Common Pleas by the qualified electors of the counties respectively. The Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices for the term of fifteen years, if they shall so long behave themselves well, (subject to the allotment hereinafter provided for, subsequent to the first election;) the President Judges of the several Courts of Common Pleas, and of such other Courts of Record as are or shall be established by law, and all other Judges required to be learned in the law, shall hold their offices for the term of ten years, if they shall so long behave themselves well; the Associate Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas shall hold their offices for the term of five years, if they shall so long behave themselves well; all of whom shall be commissioned by the Governor, but for any reasonable cause, which shall not be sufficient grounds of impeachment, the Governor shall remove any of them on the address of two-thirds of each branch of the Legislature—

178. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth, and the commission of all the Judges who may be then in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the terms of the new Judges shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows. One of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years, the term of each to be decided by lot by the said Judges, as soon after the election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance therewith.

179. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth, and the commission of all the Judges who may be then in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the terms of the new Judges shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows. One of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years, the term of each to be decided by lot by the said Judges, as soon after the election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance therewith.

180. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth, and the commission of all the Judges who may be then in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the terms of the new Judges shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows. One of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years, the term of each to be decided by lot by the said Judges, as soon after the election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance therewith.

181. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth, and the commission of all the Judges who may be then in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the terms of the new Judges shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows. One of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years, the term of each to be decided by lot by the said Judges, as soon after the election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance therewith.

182. The first election shall take place at the general election of this Commonwealth, and the commission of all the Judges who may be then in office shall expire on the first Monday of December following, when the terms of the new Judges shall commence. The persons who shall then be elected Judges of the Supreme Court shall hold their offices as follows. One of them for three years, one for six years, one for nine years, one for twelve years, and one for fifteen years, the term of each to be decided by lot by the said Judges, as soon after the election as convenient, and the result certified by them to the Governor, that the commissions may be issued in accordance therewith.

Loss of an Indian and a French Gun.—One Hundred Persons Drowned.—Letters have been received at London from Madras and Martique, communicating the melancholy intelligence of the loss of an Indian, the Sulimari, from Bombay, bound to England, and of the wreck of the French Republican war brig L'Agile, 14 guns, both of which were attended with frightful loss of life. The Sulimari, Indian, was riding at anchor off the coast, and encountered, on the 24th of May, a dreadful gale of wind, in the height of which she parted from her anchors, and was driven ashore, when the splendid ship speedily became a complete wreck. An attempt was made to save the passengers, of whom there were several, by means of the boats. They were, however, quickly destroyed by the fury of the sea, and upwards of forty, including the Captain, his wife, and thirty-three seamen, perished. Another Indian, named the Guna, was driven ashore on the same coast, at the same time, and became a wreck. The crew of the vessel were more fortunate; they were all saved. The loss of both vessels is said to exceed £50,000. The said calamity to the L'Agile happened on the 10th of June. She was suddenly overtaken in a heavy squall, and almost instantly capsized and went down. Her crew and officers amounted to sixty men. With the exception of two, every soul met with a watery grave.

A Miraculous Escape.—On Saturday morning, about nine o'clock, a thrilling occurrence took place at the Franklin Flour Mills, at the corner of Thirteenth and Butternut streets. Eliza Helm, a workman, was engaged in placing a leather band over one of the wheels of the machinery.—It was in motion; and the horizontal shaft caught him by the shirt, under the left arm. As the shaft revolved he was raised from his feet and carried round twice. Fortunately his clothing only was caught, and as the shaft revolved it carried Mr. Helm round it, tearing the clothing piece by piece until every particle of apparel was stripped from his body. Mr. Helm, by his outcries, attracted a fellow workman who happened to be at the time in another part of the room. He immediately rushed down stairs into the engine room and stopped the machinery.—On returning again to the room above, he found Mr. Helm standing with nothing on but his boots. His clothing was entirely torn into shreds. The machinery was making one hundred and twenty revolutions in a minute, and had the shaft caught his flesh, his death would have been the inevitable consequence.—*Philad. Inquirer.*

Strange Suicide.—A daughter, aged 12, of George Grissell, of Rensselaer, Indiana, committed suicide on the 23d ult., by hanging herself. She had accidentally broken a crock, and was afraid of punishment. She dressed herself in suitable burial clothes, and telling her little brother that "she would never break another crock," she got upon the bed, tied a bridle to the joist, fastened it round her neck, and jumped off. Her brother succeeded in replacing her upon the bed, but she jumped off the second time, and before he could obtain assistance she was dead. What a domestic tyranny must have prevailed in that family to have driven a child to such an act!

Altering the Prescription.—A person in New Bedford went into an apothecary's shop and wished to purchase two ounces of laudanum. The clerk fearing he wished to make way with himself, gave him a tremendous dose of tincture of rhubarb, which the fellow swallowed at once. He has not been seen since.

Printing Office Mugged.—The office of the Vanderburgh Democrat, at Evansville, Indiana, was mugged on Monday night week, the type piled, the press partially broke, and some of the materials thrown in the river. Two democrats and one who were candidates for the convention, and the editor of the Democrat, in endeavoring to advance the interests of his friend, published a slip containing what purported to be a letter from the other democratic candidate, announcing his withdrawal from the contest. The bill was circulated in the country, but the forgery was immediately discovered and made known. The people, indignant at the editor for being guilty of such a dirty trick, took their revenge as above stated.

Idiocy.—A careful exploration of one hundred towns in Massachusetts brought to light five hundred and seventy cases of idiocy. Of these, four hundred and twenty were idiots from birth, and of this number they obtained information respecting the parents of three hundred and fifty-nine. In all but four of these examined cases, it was found that one parent or the other, or both, had in some way departed from the laws of life and health, being either scrofulous, grossly sensual, or unnaturally intemperate with blood relations. The lessons taught by such disclosures should prove a warning.

Death from Eating Matches.—A child of Mr. F. McCormick, of this city, two years of age, died a few days since in consequence of eating the phosphorus from a box of matches, which the servant girl had given him to play with. Powerful medicines were administered, but about three weeks afterwards he was taken suddenly ill. A physician was called, who pronounced it a case of poison, and, after he had been informed of the cause, said that a particle of the phosphorus had remained in the stomach causing inflammation.—*Newark (N.J.) Advertiser.*

Coronation Pomp.—The carriage which is to be used at the coronation of the Emperor of Austria, says a letter from Vienna, was made in the reign of Charles for the marriage of his daughter, Maria Theresa. Since that time it has been used for the coronation of the Emperors. The gilding alone cost 150,000 florins. The painting on the doors are by Rubens, and cost 60,000 florins.

A young lady of Covington, Kentucky, daughter of Joseph A. Keam, a wealthy citizen of that place, drowned her self in the Ohio on the night of the 14th ult. Cause, unrequited love. If she had waited a little while, she no doubt would have found somebody who could have loved her in turn, and been glad to do so. This killing one's self for some rascally fellow, not worth a rye straw, is ridiculous, and won't pay.

Capital Punishment.—The Convention for revising the Constitution of Michigan has resolved not to alter the present law abolishing the punishment of murder by death. There was nearly a unanimous opinion in favor of the law as it stands.

General Taylor's Fortune.—We are extremely glad to hear that the reports which have gained currency relative to the greatly impaired fortune of the late President of the United States, appear to be without foundation. The pecuniary agents of Gen. Taylor, in New Orleans, who have conducted all his business matters for twenty or thirty years, have come out with a statement, showing that the late President, in bank stock and other property, was worth \$200,000, and that he never gave a note, and died without owing a dollar.

Warm Weather.—The thermometer at Mobile on the 5th instant stood at 96 degrees from 12 to 5 o'clock, P. M. At New Orleans on the 4th, the thermometer, at mid-day, in a building, placed so as to measure the calorific fairly, showed 95 degrees Fahrenheit. Such intense heat, as might be expected, proved destructive of animal life much exposed to its influence. The Coroner held no less than four inquests on the bodies of men who were killed on the streets by sun stroke, and a number of horses and mules fell dead in the streets from the effect of excessive heat.

A Leap Almost Incredible.—One of the most extraordinary feats on record, says the *Pottsville Emporium*, was performed on Friday night week, by a small sorrel mare, belonging to Mr. Zimmerman, livery stable keeper, in Minersville. Lebbous Hughes, son of E. Hughes, Esq., aged about 12 years, was riding the mare, when she became frightened and ran away with him; she ran up the railroad to where it crosses Wolf creek, just above the shop of Mr. William De Haven, at which point the plank had been removed from the bridge for the space of about 25 feet. Here, as if fearful of attempting the leap, she stopped suddenly for a moment, and then gathering all her energies, cleared the space at a single bound. We would hardly believe such a feat possible, had it not been witnessed by several persons, who immediately measured the distance jumped, and found it to be twenty-seven feet. Neither horse nor rider were injured by the wonderful exploit.

A singular explosion occurred on the arrival of the six o'clock line from New York for Philadelphia, at Newark, N. J., on Tuesday morning. A keg of yeast was put into the baggage car, when it exploded with tremendous force, tearing off the top of the car, throwing the keg at least fifty feet into the air. It landed at the feet of a bystander, having knocked one man down and completely covered him with froth, and scattered the contents on the passengers, giving them a ludicrous appearance. No lives lost.

The population of Frederick, Md., according to the census just completed, is 9,037—2,255 white males, 2,544 white females, 809 free colored persons and 426 slaves. The entire increase since 1840 is 879, of which 652 is in the white population, 201 free blacks, and 39 slaves. The number of dwelling houses at present in the city is 936, and the whole number of families 1092.

A Real Texas Tragedy.—The New Orleans Picayune says that a shocking affair recently took place in Texas. A Mr. Wiley, living upon the Sabine near Van Zandt, had separated from his wife. It appears that he afterwards visited her at a house in the neighborhood, where she was residing, and proposed a division of the property, to which she consented. He then took her behind him, on his horse, and proceeded to their former house, which they reached upon apparently friendly terms. During the division of the property, he requested her to walk out in the yard with him. As soon as they left the house, he shot her dead with a pistol, and mounted his horse to escape. A number of citizens followed, and overtook him in Rusk county, and killed him.

Crossing the Atlantic.—Capt. Emmons, the veteran chief steward of the royal mail steamships, sailed from Boston, in the Asia, on Wednesday, on his one hundred and sixty-eighth voyage across the Atlantic ocean within the twelve years last past. Allowing the distance across to be 3,000 miles, he has sailed, within the period named, over 500,000 miles, averaging one trip each twenty-six days.

What a Motive.—A female domestic has been convicted at the Lincoln Assizes of attempting to poison her mistress. Her confessed motive being the hope of getting a mourning dress from the family! She was sentenced to be hung.

Death of a Patriarch.—The patriarch Dorner died lately near the foot of the Hill of Allen, county Kildare, Ireland, at the advanced age of 125. The deceased lived in the same townland in which he was born in the year 1725, having thus seen the throne of England filled with six successive sovereigns. He had been in a state of second infancy for nearly a quarter of a century.

V. B. PALMER, the American Newspaper Agent, is the only authorized agent for this paper in the States of Boston, New York and Philadelphia, and is duly empowered to take advertisements and subscriptions at the rates as required by us. His offices are—BOSTON, Scollay's Building; NEW YORK, Tribune Building; PHILADELPHIA, N. W. corner Third and Chestnut sts.

Baltimore Price Current.

Flour	5 35 to 5 18
Wheat	1 12 to 1 14
Rye	65 to 60
Corn	64 to 60
Oats	30 to 28
Swat Cattle	4 50 to 5 75

Married.
At Gettysburg, on Tuesday evening the 33th inst., by the Rev. R. Johnston, Mr. William H. H. of Baltimore, to Mrs. Susan A. Sage, of New York.
[UT Baltimore and N. York papers please copy.]
On the 15th ult., by the Rev. R. Keller, Mr. Levi Minter, of Franklin township, to Miss Christina, daughter of Mr. Jacob Schlosser, of Menallen township.
On the 25th ult., by the Rev. J. W. Richards, Rev. George Dierks, Pastor of the Lutheran Church at Easton, Pa., to Miss Kate Dierks, daughter of that town.

Died.
On the 3d inst. Mr. Solomon Baker, of Chambersburg, aged about 85 years.
On the 12th inst. Mr. Emanuel Kratz, of East Berlin, on the 35th year of his age.
On the 24th inst. Mr. George Day, wife of Mr. David Day, of Tyrone township, in the 24th year of her age.
At Great Bend, Susquehanna county, Pa., on the 6th inst. of bronchitis, Mrs. CATHERINE B. wife of Rev. JAMES R. MCKAY, formerly of this place, in the 36th year of her age.

STRAY HEIFERS.
CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, in Hamilton township, Adams county, on the 3d instant.
Four Mooley Heifers, marked as follows: 1—red, 1—white, 1—black, 1—white, right ear cropped off each, supposed to be about two years old. The owner is desirous to prove property, and charges, and take them away.
JACOB CHADY, Jr.
Aug. 19.

NOTICE.
Office of the Wrightville, York & G. R. R. Co., York, August 19, 1850.
NOTICE is hereby given, that a general meeting of the stockholders of the Wrightville, York and Gettysburg Railroad Company, will be held at their office in the Borough of York, on Thursday the 2d of September next, between the hours of 1 and 3 o'clock, P. M., for the election of a PRESIDENT and EIGHT DIRECTORS of said Company for the ensuing year. By order,
ROBT. S. HOLLINS, Sec'y.

FARM FOR SALE.
THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE, A GOOD FARM, situated in Huntington township, 1 mile southeast of Petersburg, and adjoining properties of York Springs, James W. Anthony, Dearford, and others, containing about
126 ACRES.
The improvements are a large TWO-STORY BRICK HOUSE, well finished, a Bank Barn, Granary, Corn-crib, and Wagon shed, all in good repair; an Apple ORCHARD of graded fruit, in prime bearing; Peach, Guava, and other fruit trees; a never-failing spring of water between the house and barn. More than 2,000 bushels of Lime have been put on the farm in the last three years.
Persons desirous of purchasing property, are requested to call and see it, when the premises will be shown them by the proprietor, residing thereon.
JOEL WIERMAN.

A SMALL PROPERTY FOR SALE.
THE SUBSCRIBER WILL OFFER AT PUBLIC SALE, On Saturday the 7th of September next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,
17 ACRES OF LAND, more or less, situate in Mountpleasant township, Adams county, adjoining lands of David Dearneck, the heirs of George Wolford and others. The improvements are a 14 story LOG HOUSE, and a Stable, with threshing door attached to it. There is a first-rate thriving YOUNG ORCHARD, of fruit of all kinds.—There is a never-failing spring of water, and a never-failing stream of water passing through the tract. The land is in a good state of cultivation.
Attendance will be given, and terms made known by
ALI WILKES ECKENRODE.

FARM FOR SALE.
THE SUBSCRIBER, intending to remove from Adams county, and determined to sell, will offer for sale, by Public Vendue,
On Saturday the 14th of September next, at one o'clock, P. M., on the premises,
A FARM, situate in Butler township, Adams county, adjoining lands of John Wiser, John Carey, John Hoffman, and others, on the road leading from the newville road to Arentstown, half a mile from Conowingo, and three fourths of a mile from Sarabach's Mill, containing
99 Acres and 63 Perches OF PATENTED LAND. About 15 or 20 Acres are in excellent WOODLAND; the residue in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a LOG DWELLING HOUSE, Double Log Barn, newly built, with ends annexed at it, well finished, (with a pump in it) near the door, a Spring-house, and a Spring convenient to the Dwelling; and an Orchard of Apple, Peach, and Cherry.
Attendance given and terms made known by
JOHN SAMPLE.

FARM FOR SALE.
WILL BE OFFERED AT PUBLIC SALE, On Friday the 4th day of October next, at 1 o'clock, P. M., on the premises,
A FARM, situate in Mountjoy township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Anna Stoner, heirs of Andrew Miller, Jacob Mackley and others, containing about
150 ACRES, of which about 30 are in good TIMBER, the remainder in excellent MEADOW, and good arable land. It would suit well for a STOCK FARM. The improvements are a two-story LOG HOUSE, Double Log Barn, Spring-house, and other Out-buildings. There are two never-failing springs of water on the place, beside that at the Spring-house. There is also a YOUNG ORCHARD.
Attendance will be given, and the terms of sale made known by
DANIEL LINARD.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.
THE SUBSCRIBER will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,
On Saturday the 21st of September next, at 1 o'clock, P. M.,
A TRACT OF LAND, Containing 500 Acres, situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Philip Bower, heirs of William Bell and others. About 70 Acres are cleared, the remainder covered with first rate TIMBER.—The improvements are a Stone Dwelling House, Two Log Houses, a Bank Barn, and other Out-buildings; also
A SAW-MILL, known for many years as "FELLS'S MILL," situate on the Conowingo creek.
Attendance will be given, and the terms of sale made known by
HENRY FEHL.

ELECTION.
NOTICE is hereby given that an Election will be held to elect THIRTEEN MANAGERS for the Chambersburg Valley Market Protection Company, of Dickinson township, on the First Monday of September next, at the house of Peter Saxon, in said township, to serve one year.—Election to be held between the hours of 9, A. M. and 4 o'clock, P. M., of said day.
A. G. MILLER, Sec'y.

PORTFOLIO.—A fresh supply—for sale by
KELLER KURTZ

PUBLIC SALE OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.
THE SUBSCRIBERS, Executors of the late Will and Testament of GEORGE HINES, late of New Oxford, Adams county, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises,
On Wednesday the 2d of October, the following described PROPERTY, to wit:
A FARM, Situate in Huntington township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Wm. Mundorf, J. H. Fink, Mr. Weaver and others, containing
159 ACRES and 100 PERCHES OF PATENTED LAND.
The improvements thereon are a Two-story Rough cast DWELLING HOUSE, with a one-story Kitchen, a Log Barn, with sheds and stable, Wagon-shed and Corn-crib, Smoke house, Blacksmith-shop, Lumber-kiln, and others.
Tenant House and Stable. The Dwelling-house is on the Cross Road, about one mile southwest of York Springs, and very convenient to several Mills. It is also within two miles of Limestone, and with a little improvement it would be a very desirable property. About 40 Acres are covered with good and thriving Timber, and about 15 Acres are in excellent Meadow.
Also, ON THE SAME DAY WILL BE SOLD,
65 ACRES OF WOODLAND, in Lots of from 5 to 10 Acres, situated and lying about half a mile from the above improvements, and adjoining lands of Wm. Mundorf, John H. Fink, and others.
Also, on the premises, on Thursday the 3d of October,
TWO VALUABLE FARMS, A HOUSE, and 3 LOTS OF GROUND, NO. 1. A FARM, containing
208 ACRES and 82 PERCHES OF PATENTED LAND, adjoining lands of John Brough, Esq., John Duncan, Job Dicks, the town of Hampton, and Farm No. 2. The improvements are a two-story Weatherboarded HOUSE, a one-story Kitchen, a Spring-house, and a new Log Wagon-shed, and other Out-buildings. The above Farm has a due proportion of Timber Land, and choice Meadows, with a never-failing stream of water passing through the same. It has also a fine bearing Orchard.
NO. 2. A FARM, containing
142 ACRES and 22 PERCHES OF PATENTED LAND, adjoining the aforesaid Farm, lands of Job Dicks, Jacob Hughes, Abraham Chromer, Levi Chromer, Dr. C. B. Bish, and others. On this Farm there are four good springs of water, two of which are convenient to the dwellings. The improvements are a two-story Weatherboarded HOUSE, a Log Wagon-shed, a new Weatherboarded Barn, with excellent stables and sheds. This Farm has a good proportion of Meadows, and about 40 Acres of good Timber land, and a variety of choice Fruit. This is a very desirable property for a Village.
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MONDAY, AUGUST 19TH, 1850.

WHIG CANDIDATES.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,
JOSHUA DUNGAN, of Bucks co.
AUDITOR GENERAL,
HENRY W. SNYDER, of Union co.
SHERIFF GENERAL,
JOSEPH HENDERSON, of Wash. co.

WING COUNTY TICKET.

CONGRESS,
DANIEL M. SMYER.
ASSEMBLY,
WILLIAM MCHERRY.
COMMISSIONER,
JACOB GREIST.
AUDITOR,
FRED'K H. HOFFMAN.
DIRECTOR,
NICHOLAS BUSHEY.
DISTRICT ATTORNEY,
JAMES G. REED.
COUNTY SURVEYOR,
JACOB DIEHL.

An Apprentice to the Printing business will be taken at this office.

Appointments by the Governor.

SAMUEL R. RUSSELL, Esq., to be Associate Judge of the several Courts of Adams county, in the room of Hon. GEORGE SMYER, resigned.

SAMUEL S. M'CREARY, to be Notary Public for the Borough of Gettysburg, in the room of S. R. Russell, Esq., resigned.

Death of Mr. Hake.

We have to announce, that Mr. PETER HAKE, Jr., student of Pennsylvania College, who was so severely burnt by the explosion of camphire about ten days ago, was relieved from his sufferings, by death, on Saturday morning last. His age was 18 years 4 months and 7 days. This adds another victim to the use of that dangerous fluid. So many serious accidents have arisen from it, that we think it should be banished from common use.

Pennsylvania College.

We have been politely furnished with the Catalogue for 1850, of the Officers and Students in Pennsylvania College. From it we learn that there are 142 students in the Institution, as follows:—Seniors 18, Juniors 20, Sophomores 12, Freshmen 17, Partial Course 9, and Preparatory Department 66—in all 142.

The Commencement will take place on the 19th of September. The Bachelors Address to the Graduating Class, (which numbers 18,) will be delivered by the President of the College, on the Sabbath preceding. On the afternoon of Wednesday the 18th, the annual discourse before the Linnean Association will be delivered by Hon. W. D. KELLY, of Philadelphia; and on the evening of that day, an address to the Alumni will be delivered by the Rev. C. PORTERFIELD KRAUTH, of Winchester, Va.

We learn from the STAR, that the mail on the Menallen route is to be carried twice a week hereafter—on Wednesdays and Saturdays.

The Hon. THOMAS CORWIN, Secretary of the Treasury, tendered the appointment of Assistant Secretary of the Treasury, to ROBERT M. BARD, Esq., of Chambersburg. The latter, however, promptly declined it. The Intelligence says it is not often we see a \$8,000 office refused.

The SMALL NOTE LAW goes into operation on Wednesday next. After that time it will be rather unsafe to deal in foreign notes of a less denomination than Five Dollars. The scrip, however, of all amounts, is allowed to be taken.

We learn from a notice by Dr. NEVIN, in the last Messenger, that the operations of Marshall College will be carried forward at Mercersburg, in full as heretofore, at least for the ensuing year. It is expected that by that time "the way will be open for the translation of the whole interest to Lancaster."

The Whigs of Lancaster county have nominated Hon. THOMAS STEVENS for reelection to Congress, and Bartram A. Sheffer, Robert Baldwin, Jacob Nisley, C. L. Hummel, and James Gordon, for the Legislature.

The Rev. SIMON W. HARKNEY, for fourteen years pastor of the Lutheran church at Frederick, has resigned his charge, with a view to make an effort to endow a Theological Professorship in Hillsboro' College, Illinois, to which he has been appointed.

The elections in Indiana have resulted in giving the Democrats a large majority of joint ballot, both in the Legislature, and the Convention to amend the Constitution. Mr. Bryant will most likely be re-elected U. S. Senator.

That distressing disease, the Dysentery, has been prevailing to a great extent in the towns around us; and a number of cases have occurred in our town and vicinity. Great care should be taken in the use of unripe fruit—green corn, cucumbers, &c.

Godley's Lady's Book.

The Sequander number of this beautiful periodical is already on our table. It well sustains its high reputation. There is a large number of embellishments—amongst which are three splendid engravings—"A Family Party," "The Rose," and "Parity." The contents are all original.

The census-taker in the Western part of Scioto county, Ohio, informs the editor of the Portsmouth Dispatch, that he visited a family in which the mother had recently given birth to her twentieth child.—He says it was a sight worth beholding, to see the youngsters running about the house, ranging from small to great, like the pipes of an organ.

Generosity of Mr. Clay.—It is reported that on Mr. Clay's arrival at Newport, a poor woman, who mingled in the crowd to see him, had her child knocked from her arms by a passing carriage, and killed. Mr. Clay evinced a deep sympathy in her misfortune, and sent her, next morning, \$100.

Admission of California.

On Tuesday last, the bill for the admission of California into the Union, was passed in the Senate of the U. States, by a vote of 34 to 18. The bill fixes the boundaries as originally arranged by the Californians when they formed their Constitution, and gives them two Senators and two Representatives. The Southern ultras presented a protest, which they desired to have placed on the journal of the Senate. This matter has been discussed for several days, but no decision had been made on Friday, whether leave should be granted or not.

New Mexico.

On Wednesday, the Bill providing a Territorial Government for New Mexico, was ordered to be engrossed for a third reading, without a division. A motion to engrave the Wilmot Proviso upon the bill was made by Mr. Chase; but it failed, yeas 20, nays 25. Mr. Cooper for, and Mr. STURGEON against.

Thus have three of the important propositions of the Compromise bill, which were voted down as a whole, passed the Senate separately—showing the singular anomaly of some men voting against them together, and voting for them separately. Mr. BENTON is one of these inconsistent gentlemen. It is well, however, that they are settled—no matter in what particular manner.

What the fate of these bills will be in the House of Representatives, is somewhat doubtful. The impracticables of the North and South appear disposed to make war upon some of them at least. Among the rest, Mr. STEVENS, of Pa., pronounced the Message of President Fillmore, in relation to giving Texas money, a reproach to the President and the Nation. He viewed all the threats of disunion and bloody civil war as impotent, and as intended to intimidate the North. He said that the remark of the gentleman from Massachusetts (Mr. Ashmun) that he was willing to buy peace, looked like cowardice. It was being willing to buy from rebels with arms in their hands. He wished to know where the ancient spirit had fled, which would give "millions for freedom, but not one cent for tribute." He strenuously resisted the extravagant claims of Texas to boundary, and regarded the bill as the mother of abominable concessions, of future wars, dissensions and nullification.

Mr. Webster's Letter to Gov. Bell of Texas on the Boundary Question, says that talented Editor, Horace Greeley, of the N. Y. Tribune, has the ring of true metal. There is hardly a word in it that could be spared; and while the language is studiously calm and moderate, the positions taken cover the essential ground and are impregnable fortified. We seldom meet a State paper of equal felicity and vigor. We can imagine no reply to them save with the Bowie-knife, and even that is not in point with the bayonets of a regiment of regulars confronting it. It don't reach the case.

We shall see whether Mr. Webster is that "Judas," that "traitor to Freedom," that "tool of the Slavery Extensionists," which he has been so liberally pronounced through some months past. We have not liked his Speeches nor some of his votes on the "Wilmot," &c. but we shall now be sadly disappointed if he do not prove a more effective champion of Free Soil than many of his most unsparring detractors. Let us look and see.

The Senate, on Thursday, unanimously confirmed the appointment of Mr. M'KENNAN, as Secretary of the Interior, and of Mr. CONRAD as Secretary of War. The Cabinet is now full, and all at their posts.

Taxing Millers.

The Supreme Court of this State has decided that Millers are required now to take out Licence, as other dealers, and of course will, hereafter, be included in the returns of the Mercantile Appraiser.

There was quite an imposing demonstration at York, on Saturday week, in honor of the late President. THOMAS C. HAMBLIN, Esq., delivered the oration; which was highly spoken of. The "Gettys Lodge" Band, of this place, was in attendance on the occasion; and, as appears from a card of their President, in the last "STAR," was very hospitably entertained.

The population of Wrightsville, York county, by the census just taken, is 1509, being an increase of 657 since 1840. There are 95 persons over 20 years of age who can neither read nor write! The population of Freystown is 584, of whom 62 persons over 20 years of age can neither read nor write!

Mary H., wife of C. Darragh, Attorney General of Pennsylvania, died at Pittsburg on Saturday week.

The cholera is still bad at Uniontown, and on the increase at Pittsburg.

Murder at Cragston.—An altercation took place on Friday last in the neighborhood of Cragston, between two negroes engaged in threshing, which resulted in the death of one of the party. It appears they had been quarrelling during the day, and in the evening one seized the other and threw him down; which enraged the latter so much that he drew a butcher knife, secreted on his person, and stabbed him. The murderer, whose name is Armstrong, is at present lodged in the Frederick County jail.—Frederick Examiner.

Lake Superior Copper.—The Cliff and Minnesota Mines have recently been turning out immense masses of copper ore, and the great difficulty appears to be in getting it from the mines in pieces small enough for shipment. Seven pieces taken from the Cliff mine weighed 29,852 pounds, and four from the Minnesota 14,641. The masses are so heavy that it takes teams of ten, twelve, and sometimes fourteen horses to haul them the distance of three quarters of a mile from the mines to the lake. The copper is too compact and tenacious to be broken in pieces by blasting, and it has to be cut up with a long chisel, three-fourths of an inch in width, by chipping off piece after piece with a heavy hammer. By this slow and expensive process these large masses of native copper are cut up into pieces for shipment. A schooner recently sailed for a port down the Lake, with upwards of 60 tons on board, and the docks are filled with masses of the most enormous size waiting shipment.

Charity Provoked.—There is said to be a regular establishment in Pittsburg where babies are let out to professional beggars, as provocations for the cold charity of the world.

The Southern Confederacy.

MORE DEVELOPMENTS.
A Washington correspondent of the Philadelphia Inquirer repeats the story of an attempt to establish a Southern Confederacy, and gives the following account of the matter:

In January last, General Lopez waited upon Gen. Sam Houston, and presented him with a paper, drawn up by leading Southern men in this city, (Washington,) in which it was stated that the South, despairing of justice, had determined to sever their connection with the Union, and establish a Southern confederacy. That, for the purpose of strengthening the contemplated confederacy, overtures were to be made to Mexico to join it; and to incline her to do so, every effort was to be made to induce her frontier provinces to revolt by the means of "Buffalo Hunts," and secret emissaries; and it was then to be represented to her that her only safety in guarding against these revolts and the dismemberment of her republic, was to join the Southern States of this country, and form a strong Southern Union. As a further inducement, it was to be represented to her that the city of Mexico was to be the seat of government; but that, in fact, Texas was to be really the head of the new Republic. Gen. Houston was also told that if he would join the movement he should be President.

Gen. Houston indignantly refused to have anything to do with the base and traitorous scheme. He was an American, and a devoted friend of this glorious Union. He was not a Cataline, to betray his country.

Mr. Calhoun was fully aware of this treasonable project, but he was opposed to any action being taken until a final proposition to amend the constitution should be asked for. This course was not, however, approved of by others, and an emissary was sent to the city of Mexico to unfold the matter there. The Mexican authorities received the proposition with some hesitation, and although they did not refuse it, they insisted upon a guarantee being given that their laws regarding religion and the abolition of slavery should remain, and that England should sustain the movement. A proposition to this effect was made to Mr. Doyle, the acting Charge d'Affaires of Great Britain in Mexico. Mr. Doyle, not to commit himself in any way, declined to express any opinion, but said he would consult his government. The Mexican Government, fearing to move unless sustained by Great Britain, delayed giving an answer; and it is understood England has not taken any notice of the project submitted to her. So the matter rests. Meanwhile, an emissary from the South, from the State of Mississippi, to mean a citizen of that State, is in Mexico, and doubtless in correspondence with the Disunionists here.

Emissaries were despatched, in May last, to Lower California, to create a revolt there, and consequently to propose an independent government, to be annexed to the South. The news of this movement is anxiously looked for, and its arrival is daily expected. It is believed that if Mexico finds her provinces revolting, she will agree to the terms proposed by the originators of the Southern confederacy; and if she will not, that these revolting provinces can come in by themselves.

I have now briefly sketched this black and traitorous scheme, so far as it has yet been developed. It at once gives an easy clue to the movements which have taken place lately, and perhaps throws light upon the plan of proseration which has been pursued during the whole of the present session of Congress. The bill which has just passed the Senate for the adjustment of the Texan difficulty was bitterly opposed in the Senate by the ultras of the South, and it will be equally, if not more fiercely, opposed by the same faction in the House.

It is unnecessary to name the parties who have been the prime movers in this scheme. The debates in Congress this session will afford to every one a ready means by which to ascertain who the movers are.

Mr. Senator CLAY made a visit the other day to the Legislature of Rhode Island, and which is now in session at Newport. At the time the two branches were met in Grand Committee, and as he entered the hall, the Governor and all the members spontaneously rose, and received him in the most respectful manner. A recess was taken for half an hour, and the members were introduced to him. Mr. CLAY was to go from Newport on the 15th to attend a public examination at the National Law School in Saratoga county, New York, and is to remain several days at the Springs.

A terrible affliction has recently fallen on the family of Ex-Governor Clarke, of Iowa. Within a few days of each other nearly the entire family were swept off by the cholera. The wife and daughters of Gov. C. were the first victims, then various members of his family, and finally Governor C. was attacked himself and died after a few hours illness. This sad dispensation falls heavily upon Senator Dodge, of Iowa, whose daughter was the lamented wife of Gov. Clarke.

Canibals in the Northwest.—It is a fact, we believe, not generally known, that a tribe or band of Indians, inhabiting the country beyond the Mississippi, are addicted to the practice of eating their fellow creatures.—They are called the Thick Wood Indians, and are regarded with the utmost abhorrence by the surrounding tribes.—Galena Advertiser.

An Incident.—The bass drum in the possession of the Martinsburg band, and used on Saturday last, in Charlottesville, Va., on the funeral occasion in honor of General Taylor, was in the battle at Buena Vista. It was presented by Capt. Harding, of the Illinois regiment, to Lieut. Harrison of the Berkeley county company.

The wheat crop for the year 1850 will be the largest, by all odds, ever raised in the United States, and the effect of the abundance is already felt in the low price of flour.

Russia.—A destructive conflagration has reduced the city of Samara, Government of Simbirsk, to ruins—33 stone houses and 480 frame houses have been destroyed; the residences of the Ambassadors, of the municipal and judicial authorities, the prison, hospital, post-office, 126 corn magazines, &c., have been destroyed.

Deceiving a Mule.—At one of the iron mines in Lehigh county, where the water is drawn out of the mine by mule power, one of the animals refuses to work unless he is ridden. To save a hard, they have mounted an artificial monkey upon him, and he works steadily, perfectly satisfied.

Difficulties with Portugal.

The correspondent of the New York Courier writes from Washington of our affairs with Portugal, that that Government has offered to pay all claims of American citizens, excepting that for the loss of the General Armstrong, and consents to refer this to any arbitrator our Government may choose to appoint. She originally proposed to submit to arbitration the claims she now volunteers to pay. In demanding his passports under these circumstances, Mr. Clay, the writer says, must have felt constrained to act in strict accordance with the exact letter of his instructions, and perhaps withhold under a keen sense of certain indignities of which he had been the subject. Nevertheless, all difficulties now admit of diplomatic arrangement, and it is confidently believed that the matter will be speedily and amicably settled.

A line of mail stages has been established from Independence (Mo.) to Santa Fe, to run monthly. The Independence Commonwealth says that the stages are got up in splendid style, and are each capable of conveying eight passengers. The bodies are made water-tight, with a view of using them as boats in ferrying streams. The teams consist of six mules to each coach. The mail is guarded by eight men, so well armed with revolving rifles and pistols, as to be able to discharge one hundred and thirty-six shots without stopping to load! Two of the stages are to start from Independence the first of every month.

In the Municipal Court of Boston, on Saturday, Terrence Wakefield, Jr., apothecary, was arraigned on an indictment for manslaughter, in causing the death of Mr. James D. Hall, by administering to said Hall ten grains of corrosive sublimate, instead of ten grains of calomel as prescribed by a physician. Mr. Wakefield entered a plea of not guilty, and, on motion of his counsel, the trial of the case was postponed until the September term of the court.

Two Negroes at Boston, one day last week, got into a fight, when one of them, seizing the other by the throat, choked him so that his tongue protruded from his mouth, which his assailant seized with his teeth and bit off close to the roots.—At this rate they will soon be as bad as the whites.

White Blackberries.—The Yankees are a droll people, that is certain. Mr. J. S. Needham, of Danvers, Mass., is turning his blackberries to white ones, to suit the times and taste in that region. He actually exhibited white blackberries at the Horticultural Hall, in Boston, on Saturday last. To be sure they are a little bit multicolored the present year, but another cross will probably bring the white out still more, and make all right.

The Shooting Stars of August.—In the year 1836, Mr. Poutelet, of Brussels, directed the attention of the scientific world to the periodical recurrence of an unusual number of shooting stars, on or about the 10th of August. Since then his observations have been confirmed by those of other astronomers. There was a fine display of them this year. Professor Caswell, of Brown University, counted 44 of them within three hours. They generally moved in a south-west direction, with an extremely rapid motion, and a brilliant appearance. The evening was remarkably clear.

On Tuesday last, in York, a brick fell from the topmost scaffold of the new building, five stories high, being erected by Mr. John Hartman, and struck a German tender, who was on the lower floor, on the top of his head. It was believed the blow would prove mortal.

The city of Philadelphia was visited on Saturday night last by at least half a dozen fires—all of small buildings—and a disgraceful light among the firemen was kept up during the entire night, which was renewed on the occasion of a false alarm on Sunday afternoon. Several of the rioters were severely injured by fire arms and bricks during the affray. The papers state that the police were chasing the rioters about long after day-light on Sunday morning, and succeeded in arresting quite a large number of them.

Jenny Lind.—Mr. P. T. Barnum announces in the New York papers that the first professional appearance of Jenny Lind in New York, will take place on or about the 18th of September next.

Some Idea of the Cost.—Jenny Lind, on her way to this country, was to give two concerts at Liverpool on the 17th and 19th inst., at \$2,500 per night. For these concert tickets were selling freely at the last advices at \$25 each. Thirty of the principal nobility had written down from London to secure seats for both nights.

The Contoy prisoners were all discharged at Mobile by our government, on Thursday of last week, with the exception of three or four, who, it is thought, may be needed as witnesses in the trial of the indictments at New Orleans against the high functionaries who were the originators of the ill-advised Cuban expedition.

The Wild Rice Crop.—This remarkable production of the northern lakes, in Minnesota, is the main dependence of the Indians for food during the long cold winters of that region. We are sorry to hear that the high water has, or is likely to destroy the present season, before it is ripe. Its effects will be on the Indians something like the destruction of the potato crop in Ireland, and a famine is feared.—Galena Advertiser.

Yankee Sullivan, the notorious prize-fighter, who Tom Hyer bruised so badly some time ago, has met with an untimely end (says a California correspondent of a New Jersey paper), at Sacramento city. Sullivan, it is stated, struck a man a blow with his fist, and was shot dead with a pistol, by the person assailed.

Another New State.

A resolution has been submitted to the Michigan Convention, to inquire into the expediency of the formation of a territorial government for the Upper Peninsula (on Lake Superior) and its ultimate admission into the Union as a State, with the assent of the people of Michigan and of Congress. The new State is to be called the "State of Superior."

Artist Rewarded.—Horace Vernet, the distinguished artist, whom all acknowledge to be at the head of the French school of painting, is said to have received from the Emperor of Russia the sum of one hundred thousand dollars for his pictures of the Russian battle in Hungary.

The California State Bill Passed the Senate.

From the feelings of joy and delight with which, a few days ago, we hailed the passage by the Senate of the Bill for the settlement of the Texas Boundary, as the first of a series of measures of pacification and quiet to the country, our readers may well conceive of the gratification with which we are enabled to announce to them the consequent passage, by the Senate, on Tuesday, of the second great measure, the Bill for the admission of California into the Union. The vote upon the bill was more decisive than we anticipated; that is to say, it was passed by thirty-four votes to eighteen, being very nearly two-thirds of the Senators present.

Once more we say, as we said of yore, when the truly national and wise conduct of that elevated body saved us from the catastrophe of a needless foreign war—again we say, to the widely-expanded circle of our readers, and to the people of every State of the Union, LOOK TO THE SENATE! Admire the self-sacrificing spirit in which that body has acted in the passage of these two great bills—the same spirit of compromise under whose influence the Government of this Union itself was built up! Admire, applaud, and imitate the Senate, and in the spirit of compromise uphold its work! The Senate has but obeyed what we believe to be the general will of the People; and it is for the PEOPLE to sustain the Senate by such expressions of their approbation as may incite the popular branch of Congress—if indeed the Senate have not already, by its recent votes, established for itself at least an equal title to that honorable distinction—to carry out to completeness that work of Fraternity, Peace, and Union, which the Senate has so auspiciously begun.

And now, too, is the time for THE PRESS to speak out. Let every Press throughout the land, that is for cultivating a spirit of brotherly affection, instead of fratricidal hate and enmity; every one which prefers the enviable prosperity and domestic happiness which pervade this whole realm to the mere hazard even of civil war, with all its horrors—the devastation, the desolation of the domestic hearth, the rage, the fury, and carnage of a conflict which might in its progress become a war of extermination; every Press, in a word, which is for the Union, and against all attempts to change this Government from a blessing as it is, in order to overwhelm this People with the curses unspeakable of dire anarchy; let every such Press now speak out! Let no excuse remain to any man, in any department of the Government, for the injurious suspicion that the mass of the People in any quarter of the Union, North, East, West, or South, do not understand the value of the Union, and are not devoted, heart and soul, to its preservation.

Happily, the case is one in which a response to this appeal, in behalf of Peace and of the Union, involves no party principle, clashes with no party obligations. The measures which are in progress have indeed been recommended to Congress by a Whig President, but they have received the support equally of Democratic and of Whig Senators; and already, we are happy in being able to say, that the expressions of gratification at the passage of the Texas Boundary Bill by the Senate are confined to no party. In the general satisfaction, so far as we have yet heard, party lines are wholly obliterated. Yet this noble sentiment spread over our whole land! From the more distant as well as the nearer regions of our common country: from the shores of the Atlantic to the Rocky Mountains, and from the Rocky Mountains to our possessions on the Pacific: from the Bay of Fundy to Cape Sable, and from the sources of the Mississippi to the Gulf into which it pours its floods; and thence, from the States and Territories bordering on it, let there come forth an acclamation so universal in favor of the pending adjustment, that there shall remain no loop to hang a doubt upon as to what is the PEOPLE'S WILL on this subject.

We shall see, and the world will see, in the unanimity of the response to this appeal, that the foundations of this Union, so far from being shaken by the tempest of excitement into which the public councils and gatherings of the people have been wrought, stand with a firmness which shows that the cement in which they were first laid has, in course of time and by the action of the elements, become a rock of adamant.—Nat. Intell.

An Errand.—A trial took place at West Chester, a few days ago, of several persons indicted for disturbing and breaking up a temperance meeting, held in a school house in East Vincent township, Chester county, on the 29th of June. It appeared that a mob gathered outside, of which the prisoners were among the leaders, who began the disturbance by loud noises of various kinds; but finding this not to have the desired effect, eggs were thrown into the building among the audience, which caused the meeting to break up and separate, except four or five, who, from fear, remained behind.

The rioters then used stones, broke in the sash of the windows, and entered through them, when the remaining inmates made their escape, among whom was the Rev. Mr. Shankle, a German Reformed clergyman, who had been lecturing on the occasion, and who, in running in the dark, came in contact with the post, by which he was seriously injured.

The jury found eight of the ten prisoners guilty, and the Court, in passing sentence, made some impressive remarks, avowing their determination of stopping such outrages against the liberty of the citizen and the peace of the county, and declaring that hereafter they would visit all such offences with imprisonment. In the present case, being the first brought before the Court, they would be lenient, and adjudged four of the prisoners to a fine of \$50 each, with costs, making \$78 80 each; three of them to \$30 each, and costs, making \$58 80 each, and one of them to \$15 with costs, making \$43 80.—Germania Telegraph.

Grasshoppers Invading.—A curious phenomenon has been witnessed here for several days past. By keeping the eye directed as nearly as possible to the focus of the sun, myriads of grasshoppers could be seen on the wing at a distance of several hundred feet in the air, apparently making their way South.—Tribune (Ohio) Weekly.

Western Prosperity.—The village of Oshkosh, in the Winnebago district, Wisconsin, is making rapid strides towards becoming a city of some importance. There are at present in course of construction three fine churches, a powerful steam saw mill, a capacious wharf, and an unlimited number of warehouses and dwellings.

maining in this territory should be incorporated into the Union of the United States, and be admitted at the proper time, (to be judged of by the Congress of the United States,) to an enjoyment of all the rights of citizens of the United States, according to the principles of the Constitution: "And in the meantime should be maintained and protected in the free enjoyment of their liberty and property, and secured in the free exercise of their religion, without restriction," thus it will be perceived that the authority of the United States over New Mexico, was the result of conquest; and the possession held of it, in the first place, was of course a military possession.

The treaty added the title by cession to the already existing title by successful achievements in arms. With the peace, there arose a natural expectation that, as early as possible, there would come a civil government to supersede the military. But until some form of government should come into existence, it was a matter of absolute necessity that the military government should continue, as otherwise the country must fall into absolute anarchy. And this has been the course generally in the practice of civilized nations, when colonies or territories have been acquired by war, and their acquisition confirmed by treaty.

The military government, therefore, existing in New Mexico at the date of the order, existed there of inevitable necessity. It existed as much against the will of the Executive Government of the United States, as against the will of the people. The late President had adopted the opinion, that it was justifiable in the people of the territory, under the circumstances, to form a constitution of government, without any previous authority conferred by Congress, and thereupon to apply for admission into the Union. It was under this state of things, and under the influence of these opinions, that the order of the 19th of November last was given, and executed in the manner we have seen.

The order indicates no boundary, and defines no territory, except by the name of New Mexico; and so far as that indicated anything, it referred to a known territory, which had been organized under military authority, approved by the Executive, and left without reversion or alteration by Congress for more than three years. It appears to the President that such an order could not have been intended to invade the rights of Texas.

Secondly, you ask whether the proclamation of Col. Monroe meets with the approval of the President of the United States?

To determine this question, it is necessary to look at the object of the proclamation, and the effect of the proceedings had under it. If the object was to assume the authority to settle the disputed boundary with Texas, then the President has no hesitation in saying, such objects does not meet his approbation, because he does not believe that the Executive branch of this Government, or the inhabitants of New Mexico, or both combined, have any constitutional authority to settle that question. That belongs either to the judicial department of the Federal Government, or to the concurrent action by agreement of the legislative departments of the Governments of the United States and Texas. But it has been sufficiently shown that Col. Monroe could have had no such object, and that his intention was merely to act in aid of the people in forming a State Constitution to be submitted to Congress.

Assuming then that such a Constitution has been formed, what is its effect upon the disputed boundary? If it compromises the rights of either party to that question, then it does not meet the President's approbation, for he deems it his duty to leave the settlement of that question to the tribunal to which it constitutionally belongs. It is sufficient for him that this boundary is in dispute. That the territory east of the Rio del Norte seems to be claimed in good faith, both by Texas and New Mexico, or rather by the United States. Whatever might be his judgment in regard to their respective rights, he has no power to decide upon them, or even negotiate in regard to them; and therefore it would be improper for him to express any opinion. The subject-matter of dispute is between the United States and Texas, and not between the inhabitants of New Mexico and Texas.

If those people should voluntarily consent to come under the jurisdiction of Texas, such consent would not bind the United States, or take away their title to the Territory. So, on the other hand, if they should voluntarily claim the title for the United States, it would not deprive Texas of her rights, whatever these rights might be. They can only be affected by her own acts, or a judicial decision.—The State constitution formed by New Mexico can have no legal validity until it is recognized and adopted by the law-making power of the United States. Until this is done it has no sanction, and can have no effect upon the rights of Texas, or of the United States, to the Territory in dispute. And it is not to be presumed that Congress will ever give its sanction to that constitution without first providing for the settlement of this boundary.

Indeed, no government, either territorial or State, can be formed for New Mexico without providing for settling this boundary. Hence he regards the formation of this State constitution as a mere nullity. It may be regarded, indeed, as a petition to Congress to be admitted as a State; but, until Congress shall grant the power of such petition, by legal enactment, it affects the rights of neither party. But as it is the right of all to petition Congress for any law which it may constitutionally pass, these people were in the exercise of a common right when they formed their constitution, with a view of applying to Congress for admission as a State; and as he thinks the act can prejudice no one, he feels bound to approve the conduct of Col. Monroe, in issuing his proclamation.

I am directed, also, to state that, in the President's opinion, it would not be just to suppose that the late President desired to manifest any unfriendly attitude or aspect towards Texas, or the claims of Texas. The boundary between Texas and New Mexico was known to be disputed; and it was equally well known that the Executive Government of the United States had no power to settle that dispute. It is believed the Executive power has not wished—certainly does not now wish—to interfere with that question, in any manner whatever, as a question of title.

In one of his last communications to Congress, that of the 16th of June last, the late President repeated the declaration that he had no power to decide the question of boundary, and no desire to interfere with it; and that the authority to settle that ques-

tion resided elsewhere. The object of the Executive Government has been, as I believe, and as I am authorized to say it certainly now is, to secure the peace of the country; to maintain as far as practicable the state of things as it existed at the date of the treaty; and to uphold and preserve the rights of the respective parties as they were under the solemn guaranty of the treaty, until the highly interesting question of boundary should be finally settled by competent authority.

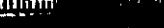
This treaty, which is now a supreme law of the land, declares, as before stated, that the inhabitants shall be maintained and protected in the free enjoyment of their liberty and property, and secured in the free exercise of their religion. It will, of course, be the President's duty to see that this law is sustained; and the protection which it guarantees made effectual—and this is the plain and open path of Executive duty, in which he proposes to tread.

Other transactions of a very grave character, are alluded to, and recited in your Excellency's letter. To those transactions, I am now directed, not more particularly to advert, because the only questions propounded by you, respect the authority under which Col. Monroe acted, and the approval or disapproval of his proclamation. Your Excellency's communication and this answer will be immediately laid before Congress, and the President will take that occasion to bring to its notice the transactions alluded to above.

It is known to your Excellency, that the questions growing out of the acquisitions of California and New Mexico, and among them the highly important one of the boundary of Texas, have steadily engaged the attention of both Houses of Congress for many months, and still engage it, with intense interest. It is understood that the Legislature of Texas will be shortly in session, and will have the boundary question before it.

It is a delicate crisis in our public affairs; not free, certainly, from possible dangers; but let us confidently trust that justice, moderation, patriotism, and the love of the Union, may inspire such counsels, both in the government of the United States and that of Texas, as shall carry the country through these dangers, and bring it safely out of them all, with renewed assurances of the continuance of mutual respect and harmony in the great family of States.

I have the honor to be, with entire



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A Wonderful Medicine of the Age
500,000 BOTTLES
MANUFACTURED YEARLY

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the last Ten Years, Were in Germany
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EXPOSE
LEADING THE FOLLOWING APPOINT
able will learn the truth, either where the
the Home of the stud. I call you to
Sarsaparilla, came from, and will be able
which is the greatest of all the things
which Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla, Dr. F.
was the original and true Sarsaparilla
Sarsaparilla, and his mission in
reputation that no other remedy ever gained.
and collected over 100,000 bottles per day,
and distributing at present 100,000 bottles per day,
more Sarsaparilla and Yellow Loos in our
the name of Dr. Townsend's Sarsaparilla
institutions in the world. Principal Office, 128

READ THE CONFESSIO
City and County of New York,
Amstrong, an Attorney at Law, of the County of
do hereby depose and say that he is a practical
and Chemist. That sometime in the latter
of the first of January, 1890, he was called
Townsend, who at that time was a book and
ret-peddler, collector, peddler, at the house
of the same person, No. 12 Hickory Street, New
discovered, and required deponent to write him
by which to make a Syrup of Sarsaparilla.
at further was that he became acquainted
Dr. Townsend at the office of Theodore Foster,
Book Publisher, with whom said Dr. Towns-
and said Dr. Townsend had been connected
deponent respecting the manufacture of
of said Sarsaparilla to be sold under the name of Dr.

[illegible][illegible]

who since that delinquent to the R. F. O. who is the original purveyor of the preparation and who is the only one who knows the secret. Other people have within the past few months engaged or forced themselves with a man by the name of "Joe" who is not connected with the preparation. This medicine was advertised in The New York Herald Tribune, the advertisement was signed "Dr. Townsend" and the name of the doctor of the "Dr. Townsend and that of his medicine. We got prepared, and in justice to the Dr. make the exposure.

FRONT THE

New York Sun.

Dr. Townsend's extraordinary advertisement which appears an entire page of the Sun, will not escape the notice of the New York Herald Tribune, the editor of Dr. Townsend's Sarasputra and whose office is next door to ours, where he has been for several years, having been in the city for more than fifteen years. Dr. Townsend's Sarasputra is a preparation of less than four hundred doses of Sarasputra per bottle, and even this enormous quantity does not supply the demand for the preparation, as great a quantity as his preparation of the Sarasputra. His preparation of Almanna for 1848 cost \$25,000, and he has sold the New York Herald Tribune for the last four years, over \$10,000, and he acknowledges it is the cheapest advertising he has had done. He has sold his preparation of Almanna in India, South America, and Europe, in considerable quantities, and is coming into general use in these countries, as well as here.

Swindlers.

Dr. Townsend and others that sell Sarasputra for the cure of rheumatism and other diseases of the joints and original source of the preparation, Dr. P. Townsend, commits a fraud, and swindles the customers. Men that would be so bold as to sell the preparation of Almanna, and not Druggist of common intelligence but knows

[illegible]

The South Haptal Arch, No. 7, Transatlantic
Ship is now appearing a thorough chase
and he offered the better accommodation of the
protection and public.
The original Dr. Townsend's Paracetic is
the genuine and original Dr. Townsend's Paracetic, in-
stances signed by S. P. Townsend.

Agents - Redding & Co., No. 4 West-street, and
J. S. Alden, No. 10 Court-street, Boston; Samuel
H. Loring, Jr., 100 N. 7th St., New York; James R.
Worcester, Worcester; A. L. Allen, Albany; and
J. S. Alden, New York, and by Druggists and Mer-
chants generally throughout the United States. Wholes-
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For Sale by SAMUEL H. LORING, Jr.,
Principal Agent for Adams County.

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J. S. Alden, No. 10 Court-street, Boston; and
J. S. Alden, New York.

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and (JOHN FANSTOCK & A. MILL)